

Unbroken Movie Guide available on TpT

31. Who was the commander in charge of the POW camp?

32. What announcement was made to the prisoners?

33. What happens when Louie is told he is going home?

34. When is it announced that the prisoners are to be released?

35. What happened to Louie's plane?

36. Motivated by his faith, how did Louie survive?

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19. Why was Louie questioned about the bombing? What is the Norden?

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Unbroken is a 2014 American biographical war drama film, produced and directed by Angelina Jolie, and based on the 2010 non-fiction book by Laura Hillenbrand, *Unbroken: A World War II Story of Survival, Resilience, and Redemption*. The film revolves around the life of USA Olympian and athlete Louis Zamperini, portrayed by Jack O'Connell. Zamperini survived in a raft for 47 days after his bomber was downed in World War II, then was sent to a series of prisoner of war camps.

1. Where did Zamperini attend college to run track?

2. What type of airplane was Zamperini flying when they went down?

3. What was his job on the plane?

4. What nickname did Louie get in school?

5. What was Zamperini's fastest mile in high school? Fastest mile at the time in America?

6. In the movie ... a moment of pain is worth a lifetime of what?

7. What mission was the crew on when they had to crash land into the ocean?

8. What Olympics did Zamperini attend? Where was it?

9. What American won four track gold medals at this Olympic?

10. How did Louie do in his event? Last lap time?

11. How many of the crew survived the initial crash?

12. How long did American pilot Eddie Rickenbacker drift at sea?

13. What happened during the storm?

14. What happened to the survivors on the 27th day?

15. How many days were the soldiers in the raft?

16. The three survivors were Louie Zamperini, Russell Allen "Pat" Phillips and Francis "Mac" Michamara. How many days did "Mac" survive?






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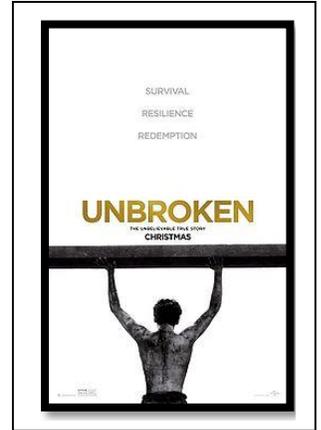





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6. In the movie ... a moment of pain is worth a lifetime of what?



Consolidated B-24 Liberator

7. What mission was the crew on when they had to crash land into the ocean?
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13. What happened during the storm?
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Eddie Rickenbacker

15. How many days were the soldiers in the raft?
16. The three survivors were Louie Zamperini, Russell Allen "Phil" Phillips and Francis "Mac" McNamara. How many days did "Mac" survive?

17. What happened on Day 45?

18. Where were they initially taken?

19. Why was Louie questioned about the Norden bombsight? What is the Norden bombsight?

[Ted talk – The strange tale of the Norden bombsight](http://www.ted.com/talks/malcolm_gladwell?language=en)
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20. Where were the prisoners transferred to?



Mutsuhiro Watanabe was an Imperial Japanese Army sergeant in World War II who served at POW camps in Omori, Naoetsu (present day Jōetsu, Niigata), and Mitsushima (present day Hiraoka). After Japan's defeat, the US Occupation authorities classified Watanabe as a war criminal for his mistreatment of prisoners of war (POWs), but he managed to evade arrest and was never tried in court.

21. Who was the Japanese commander in charge of Tokyo prison camp?

22. What happens the first time Louie meets the bird?

23. Why do the new soldiers stand in quarantine?

24. Why do they call him the Bird?

25. What happens when the Bird discovers Louie is an Olympic champion?

26. When Louie says he wants to kill the Bird, how does the soldier convince Louie not to?

27. How does the Zamperini family hear that Louie is not dead?

28. What offer does Louie get from the prison guards regarding future messages on the radio?

29. What happens to Louie when he returns to prison after refusing to send the message back to the U.S.?

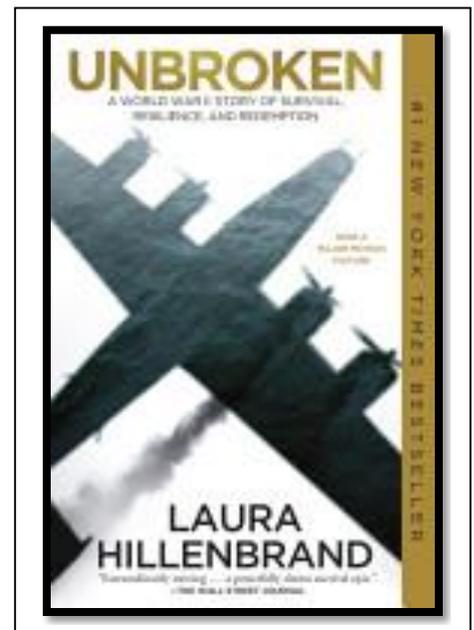
30. Why were the prisoners moved?

31. Who was the commander in charge of the new camp?
32. What announcement was made to the Prisoners regarding President Roosevelt?
33. What happens when Louie is holding the beam of wood over his head?
34. When it is announced that the prisoners are all allowed to bath in the river what assumption do the prisoners make? What happens instead?
35. What happened to Mutsuhiro Watanabe, “the Bird” after the war?
36. Motivated by his faith, how did Louie come to see the way forward? Not revenge, but ... what?
37. For what reason did Louie return to Japan? How old was he?



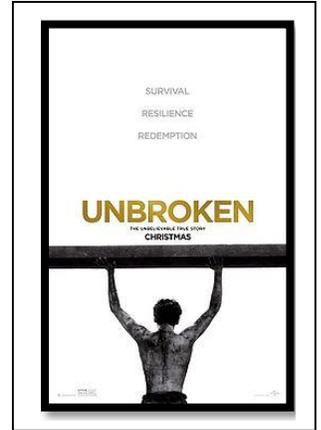
Louis Zamperini

Unbroken: A World War II Story of Survival, Resilience, and Redemption is a 2010 non-fiction book by Laura Hillenbrand, author of the best-selling book *Seabiscuit: An American Legend* (2001). *Unbroken* is a biography of World War II hero Louis Zamperini, a former Olympic track star who survived a plane crash in the Pacific theater, spent 47 days drifting on a raft, and then survived more than two and a half years as a prisoner of war in three brutal Japanese prisoner-of-war camps.



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1. Where did Zamperini attend college to run track?
Torrance HS – USC college
2. What type of airplane was Zamperini flying when they went down?
Consolidated B-24 Liberator
3. What was his job on the plane? **Bombardier**
4. What nickname did Louie get in school? **The Torrance tornado**
5. What was Zamperini's fastest mile in high school? Fastest mile at the time in America? **4:21**
6. According to the movie, a moment of pain is worth a lifetime of what? **Glory**



Consolidated B-24 Liberator

7. What mission was the crew on when they had to crash land into the ocean? **Search Mission for a missing crew**
8. What Olympics did Zamperini attend? Where was it?
1936 Berlin
9. What American won four track gold medals at this Olympics?
Jesse Owens
10. How did Louie do in his event? Last lap time?
First American 56 seconds
11. How many of the crew survived the initial crash? **3**
12. How long did American pilot Eddie Rickenbacker adrift at sea?
24 days
13. What happened during the storm?
Louie made a promise to God
14. What happened to the survivors on the 27th day? **Strafed by Japanese plane**



Eddie Rickenbacker

15. How many days were the soldiers in the raft? **47**
16. The three survivors were Louie Zamperini, Russell Allen "Phil" Phillips and Francis "Mac" McNamara. How many days did "Mac" survive?
33

17. What happened on Day 45? – Captured by the Japanese. Landed on the Marshall Islands

18. Where were they initially taken? Prison camp – Kwajalein Atoll – for 42 days

19. Why was Louie questioned about the Norden bombsight? What is the Norden bombsight?

[Ted talk – The strange tale of the Norden bombsight](http://www.ted.com/talks/malcolm_gladwell?language=en)
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20. Where were the prisoners transferred to? Tokyo

After 42 days at Kwajalein Atoll they were transferred to the Japanese prisoner-of-war camp at Ōfuno, for captives who were not registered as prisoners of war (POW). Zamperini was later transferred to Tokyo's Ōmori POW camp, and was eventually transferred to the Naoetsu POW camp in northern Japan, where he stayed until the war ended.



Mutsuhiro Watanabe was an Imperial Japanese Army sergeant in World War II who served at POW camps in Omori, Naoetsu (present day Jōetsu, Niigata), and Mitsushima (present day Hiraoka). After Japan's defeat, the US Occupation authorities classified Watanabe as a war criminal for his mistreatment of prisoners of war (POWs), but he managed to evade arrest and was never tried in court.

21. Who was the Japanese commander in charge of Tokyo prison camp?

Prison guard Mutsuhiro "Bird" Watanabe, who was later included in General Douglas MacArthur's list of the 40 most wanted war criminals in Japan.

22. What happens the first time Louie meets the bird?

Broken nose because he looks at him

23. Why do the new soldiers stand in quarantine?

To avoid possible disease spreading into the camp

24. Why do they call him the bird?

Because he listens - would not like the names they want to call him

25. What happens when the bird discovers Louie is an Olympic champion? He makes him run against one of the guards

26. When Louie says he wants to kill the Bird, how does the soldier convince Louie not to? We win by surviving. If you can take it you can make it.

27. How does the Zamperini family hear that Louie is not dead?

He is allowed to make a radio message to his family

28. What offer does Louie get from the Prison guards regarding future messages on the radio? He is asked to read a statement and Louie refuses so he is sent back to Prison.

29. What happens to Louie when he returns to prison after refusing to send the message back to the U.S.?

All the Prisoners have to punch Louie in the face

30. Why were the Prisoners moved? Where were they moved to?

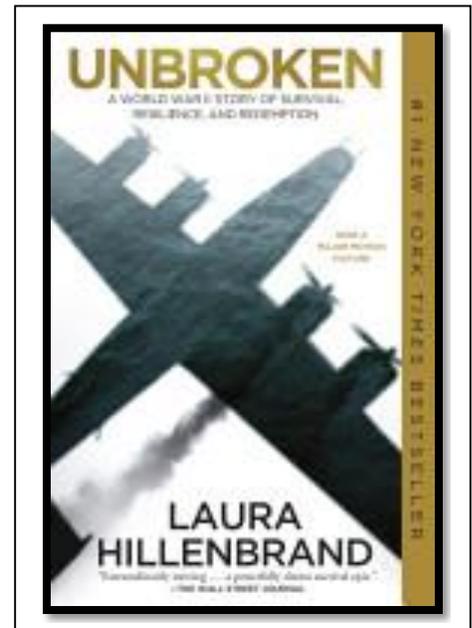
Away from Tokyo so the allies wouldn't find them – Moved to a more remote prison camp. Labor camp – Coal mines

31. Who was the commander in charge of the new camp? **The Bird**
32. What announcement was made to the Prisoners regarding President Roosevelt?
President Roosevelt died
33. What happens when Louie is holding the beam of wood over his head? **He lifts it over his head and then gets beat by the bird**
34. When it is announced that the prisoners are all allowed to bath in the river what assumption do the prisoners make? What happens instead? **The prisoners assume they will all be killed/executed – the U.S. planes fly over and the war is over.**
35. What happened to Mutsuhiro Watanabe, “the Bird” after the war?
36. Motivated by his faith, how did Louie came to see the way forward was not revenge, but ... what? **forgiveness**
37. For what reason did Louie return to Japan? How old was he? **80 years old – 1998 Winter Olympics and make peace with his former captors**



Louis Zamperini

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Hacksaw Ridge is a 2016 biographical war drama film about the World War II experiences of Desmond Doss, an American pacifist combat medic who was a Seventh-day Adventist Christian, refusing to carry or use a firearm or weapons of any kind. Doss became the first conscientious objector to be awarded the Medal of Honor, for service above and beyond the call of duty during the Battle of Okinawa.

1. At the start of the movie Desmond and his brother get in a fight. What incident occurs during the fight that changes Desmond's life?
2. As the movie continues Desmond Doss is portrayed as helping a man who has had an accident. What potential life-saving action does Desmond take to help treat the man's bad leg injury?
3. How does Desmond meet his wife?
4. What happens when Desmond tries to kiss the nurse Dorothy Doss after the movie?

5. Why is Desmond's father so upset about Desmond's brother signing up for military service?
6. What happened to Desmond's father's friend during WWI?
7. Why does Desmond enlist as a medic?
8. What gift does Desmond receive from his fiancée as he is leaving for the military on the bus?
9. Why does Desmond refuse to pick up a rifle during training?
10. What is a C.O.?

11. Private Doss is introduced to the rest of his company by his sergeant as a C.O. How is he treated after they find out?

12. Desmond is interviewed and given a psychological review for a section B dismissal from the army. What is the result of this evaluation?

13. What happened after Doss was beaten up by the members of his company? What explanation does Doss give for his injury?

14. Why do you think Doss does not "remember" the names of the people who attacked him in his sleep?



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1. At the start of the movie Desmond and his brother get in a fight. What incident occurs during the fight that changes Desmond's life? He almost kills his brother by hitting him in the head with a brick.
2. As the movie continues Desmond Doss is portrayed as helping a man who has had an accident. What potential life-saving action does Desmond take to help treat the man's bad leg injury? Desmond applies a Tourniquet with his belt.
3. How does Desmond meet his wife? She is a nurse and Desmond meets her when he is blind.
4. What happens when Desmond tries to kiss the nurse Dorothy Doss after the movie? She slaps him. She is upset that Desmond did not ask her first.

5. Why is Desmond's father so upset about Desmond's brother signing up for military service? Because his friends had been killed in WWI.
6. What happened to Desmond's father's friend during WWI? He was killed.

7. Why does Desmond enlist as a medic? So he won't have to kill anyone.
8. What gift does Desmond receive from his fiancée as he is leaving for the military on the bus? A Bible with her photograph.
9. Why does Desmond refuse to pick up a rifle during training? He is a C.O.
10. What is a C.O.? Conscientious Objector.

11. Private Doss is introduced to the rest of his company by his sergeant as a C.O. How is he treated after they find out? Answers may vary - treated poorly and they try to get Doss to quit.

12. Desmond is interviewed and given a psychological review for a section B dismissal from the army. What is the result of this evaluation? He is viewed fit for service and not granted a Section B.

13. What happened after Doss was beaten up by the members of his company? What explanation does Doss give for his injury? He is asked to quit the service and he refused. He says he does not know how he was injured and he "sleeps hard".

14. Why do you think Doss does not "remember" the names of the people who attacked him in his sleep? Doss wants to gain the trust of the men he is serving with.



The Medal of Honor: The United States of America's highest military honor, awarded for personal acts of valor above and beyond the call of duty. The medal is awarded by the President of the United States in the name of the U.S. Congress to U.S. military personnel only. There are three versions of the medal, one for the Army, one for the Navy, and one for the Air Force.

15. What happened to Doss and his leave request to get married? Doss refused to pick up his rifle and his leave was denied. He is put in military prison.
16. What connection does Desmond Doss' father Corporal Thomas Doss have to help him in his trial? Doss' father fought in WWI with Brigadier General Mugroove.
17. In Desmond's trial he testifies about two of his friends from home who committed suicide. Why did they commit suicide? They were deemed **CP** physically unfit to serve in the military.
18. What employment did Doss have prior to volunteering for Military Service? Would this job allowed Doss to avoid Military Service? Yes - Doss worked at a Military defense plant.
19. During Dosses trial what does his father bring to change the outcome? A letter from General Mugroove defending Doss' constitutional rights to serve as a C.O.
20. The movie quickly transfers to the Pacific and the island of Okinawa. Doss has a conversation with another medic. What advice does the Medic give Doss regarding his white armband with a red cross? Remove the medic arm band because the Japanese aim for it.

Okinawa's Maeda Escarpment (Hacksaw Ridge) is an approximately 350-foot high ridge that runs across most of the island of Okinawa. They had that mountain honeycombed and camouflaged and it looked like natural terrain. The Japanese were hiding everywhere, in caves, tunnels, holes and pillboxes, ready to cut down any enemies who approached. The escarpment was so deadly it was dubbed "Hacksaw Ridge."

Medic Desmond Doss was one of the three men who volunteered to go up the ridge and hang the cargo nets (something not shown in the movie). They were the same cargo nets that the men had used to climb down from the army personnel carriers into the landing crafts that took them ashore. In the photo below, Desmond is seen standing on top of the ridge. The photo doesn't convey the sheer danger he was in up there. The photographer refused to get any closer for fear he would be hit by Japanese fire. -The Conscientious Objector Documentary



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Desmond Doss

21. At the top of the Ridge during the retreat Doss prays to God asking for direction. "What is it you want of me? I don't understand. I can't hear you." At that moment what does Doss hear? Calls for Medic so he returns to the fire.
23. At the bottom of the Ridge a count of the returning men is taken. Initially how many men came down from the Ridge? 32.
24. Doss keeps gathering and collecting men on top of the ridge but the Artillery from the Navy stops so Doss does not have any cover from the Japanese as they begin inspecting the battle field for survivors. How does Doss hide from the Japanese? He hides under a dead soldier.
25. As Desmond walks the battlefield he is chased by Japanese troops. Desmond goes into a tunnel and ends up where? In an underground cave that is being used as a barracks for the Japanese.
26. What Phrase does Desmond repeat over and over as he is helping the wounded soldiers? "Please Lord Help me get one more."
27. How does Doss react when he finally arrives at the bottom of the Ridge? He is in relief but is in shock.
28. What happened to the other medic? Desmond is told he died of shock - because he was not given an oxiana.
29. Why did they wait for Doss before going up the Ridge the second time? Because it was a Saturday and they waited until Doss was done praying.
30. How did Doss Get injured? By kicking a suicide grenade away.
31. What practice did the Japanese commander follow at the end of the movie? Seppuku.
32. How many Wounded men did Desmond Doss carry to safety on Hacksaw Ridge? Estimates vary (72-75).
33. America's highest award for courage under fire is the Medal of Honor. In what way was Desmond Doss the first to receive this? First C.O. to receive the honor.
34. According to Doss where are the real heroes? Buried over there.
35. How old was Desmond Doss when he died? 87.



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Okinawa became the bloodiest battle of the Pacific War. More than 100,000 Japanese died, a frightening number matched only by the tally of unfortunate Okinawan citizens who perished in the fighting. Army casualties of more than 4,600 dead and 13,700 wounded were almost equaled by 3,200 Marines dead and 13,700 wounded. Even the Navy, which avoided the horrendous ground combat, lost almost 5,000 dead and 4,300 wounded to kamikaze attacks. Ironically, though Okinawa was a victory for the United States, it's extremely large toll shamed military strategists. If Okinawa produced such carnage, what might happen when American forces stepped onto Japanese home soil? That dreadful thought hung over every Pacific battle, and lessened opposition among high government and military figures to using the atomic bomb in hopes of ending the war.



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24. Doss keeps gathering and collecting men on top of the ridge but the Artillery from the Navy stops so Doss does not have any cover from the Japanese as they begin inspecting the battle field for survivors. How does Doss hide from the Japanese? He hides under a dead soldier.
25. As Desmond walks the battlefield he is chased by Japanese troops. Desmond goes into a tunnel and ends up where? In an underground cave that is being used as a barracks for the Japanese.
26. What Phrase does Desmond repeat over and over as he is helping the wounded soldiers? "Please Lord Help me get one more."
27. How does Doss react when he finally arrives at the bottom of the Ridge? He is in relief but is in shock.
28. What happened to the other medic? Desmond is told he died of shock - because he was not given an oxiana.
29. Why did they wait for Doss before going up the Ridge the second time? Because it was a Saturday and they waited until Doss was done praying.
30. How did Doss Get injured? By kicking a suicide grenade away.
31. What practice did the Japanese commander follow at the end of the movie? Seppuku.
32. How many Wounded men did Desmond Doss carry to safety on Hacksaw Ridge? Estimates vary (72-75).
33. America's highest award for courage under fire is the Medal of Honor. In what way was Desmond Doss the first to receive this? First C.O. to receive the honor.
34. According to Doss where are the real heroes? Buried over there.
35. How old was Desmond Doss when he died? 87.

Okinawa became the bloodiest battle of the Pacific War. More than 100,000 Japanese died, a frightening number matched only by the tally of unfortunate Okinawan citizens who perished in the fighting. Army casualties of more than 4,600 dead and 13,000 wounded were almost equaled by 3,200 Marines dead and 13,700 wounded. Even the Navy, which avoided the horrendous ground combat, lost almost 5,000 dead and 4,300 wounded to kamikaze attacks. Ironically, though Okinawa was a victory for the United States, it's extremely large toll shamed military strategists. If Okinawa produced such carnage, what might happen when American forces stepped onto Japanese home soil? That dreadful thought hung over every Pacific battle, and lessened opposition among high government and military figures to using the atomic bomb in hopes of ending the war.



FROM THE UNDISCOVERED COUNTRY OF
BRAVEHEART AND THE PASSION OF THE CHRIST

HACKSAW RIDGE

ONE OF THE GREATEST HEROES IN AMERICAN HISTORY NEVER FIRED A BULLET.

IN THEATERS
NOVEMBER 4

Selma Movie Guide available on TpT

32. Why did the S.C.L.C. to change the Geo?

33. Who was the high aim to cancel the 1st Assistant Attorney General Pettus?

34. What is the name of the group?

35. Why do you think about leaders?

Reverend James Reeb



31. What happened reaction?

30. How Dr. King's phone message?

You have one for

Jimmy Lee Jackson



22. What militant leader did Mr. with him?

23. After Jimmy Lee Jackson is father at the Coroners - if you see thing... God was the first to cry

SELMA

1. S.N.C.C.
2. S.C.L.C.
3. N.A.A.C.P. National Association for the Advancement of colored People
4. What year did Martin Luther King win the Nobel Peace Prize?
5. What questions did Mrs. Annie Lee Cooper have to answer when she was trying to register to vote?
6. What question did the Mrs. Cooper fail to answer leading to her being denied her voter registration?
7. Who was President of the United States in 1965?
8. What did Martin Luther King want from the President?
9. What did Johnson want to focus on instead?
10. Why were Southern court room juries all white? Why were Blacks not on juries in the South?
11. What strategy did the F.B.I. employ against Martin Luther King?
12. Who was the Director of the F.B.I.?
13. What entertainer did Martin Luther King call when he needed to "hear the Lords voice"?
14. What percent of Selma was black?
15. What percent of Blacks in Selma voted?
16. What does S.N.C.C. stand for?
17. What conflict existed between Martin Luther King and S.N.C.C.?
18. Who was the Sheriff in Selma?
19. Who was the police chief in Albany, Georgia?
20. Who was the Sheriff in Birmingham?
21. Who was the Governor of Alabama?

Mahalia Jackson

Sister Gertrude Morgan



31. What is reaction?

30. How Dr. King's phone message?

Jimmy Lee Jackson



22. What militant let win him? After Jimmy Lee father at the Co.

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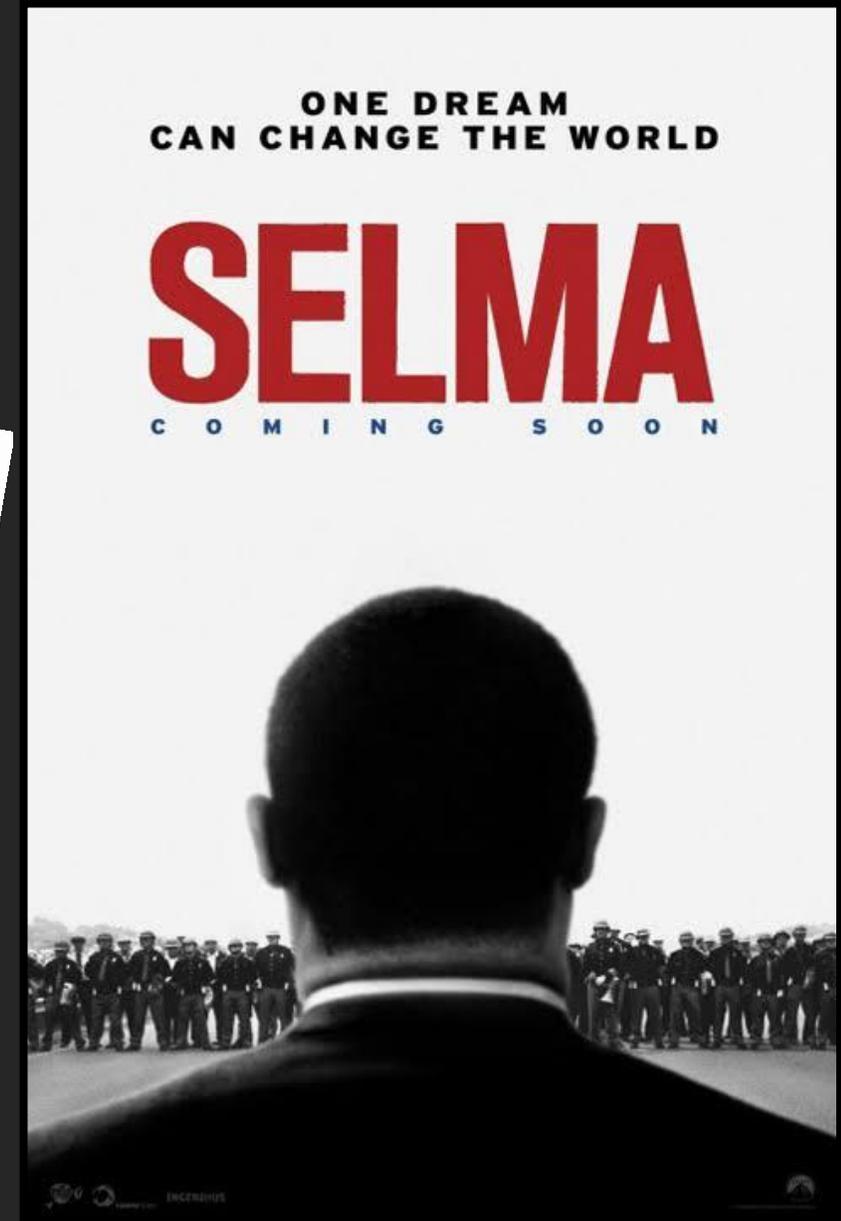
Sister Gertrude Morgan



ONE DREAM
CAN CHANGE THE WORLD

SELMA

COMING SOON



INCENDIUS

42 Movie Guide available on TpT

Click Here



Leo Durocher

15. During Florida Spring training, players sign a petition to keep Jackie Robinson on the team. How does Manager Leo Durocher react?
16. Why does the reporter Wendell Smith typewriter at the games?
17. How does the commissioner react to Jackie Robinson's signing?
18. Opening day 1947, what happens at Ebbets Field by the Brooklyn Dodgers?
19. Who does Mr. Ricky hire to help Jackie Robinson?
20. How does Jackie react to the press trying to intimidate him with insults?
21. What happens at the Ben Chapman trial?
22. Where does The Phillies Manager Ben Chapman get his trial?
23. How does Pee Wee Reese react to the crowds and the press?
24. What happens to Jackie Robinson at first base when Branch Rickey is called to the field?



Pee Wee Reese

Branch Rickey was elected to the Baseball Hall of Fame in 1982. He became the first Afro-American member of the association in 1947. Elected to the Hall of Fame in 1982. Every year in April, How do League Baseball honor Jackie Robinson?



42 The Jackie Robinson Story

42 is a 2013 American biographical sports film written and directed by Brian Helgeland about the racial integration of American professional baseball by player Jackie Robinson, who wore jersey number 42 through his Major League career. The film stars Chadwick Boseman as Robinson, and Harrison Ford as Branch Rickey.



Jackie Robinson

1. What year did WWII end?
2. What was the name of the Negro league team from Kansas City?
3. How many major league baseball teams were there in 1946?
4. What happened at the gas station when the bus stopped and Jackie Robinson tried to use the restroom? How did Jackie Robinson approach the situation?
5. Why was Jackie Robinson court marshaled from the U.S. Army?

6. What Religious faith was Jackie Robinson and Branch Rickey?
7. How much money did the team owner Branch Rickey offer a month and for a bonus?
8. After Jackie and Rachel Robinson get married, what does Rachel do in the airport?
9. The Pittsburg Courier Reporter Wendell Smith meets Jackie and Rachel off the bus and takes them to Daytona Florida. What advice does Wendell give Jackie?
10. When Jackie Robinson plays during the night. Why?
11. What happens to Jackie Robinson at the plate? How does the Security guard react?
12. When Mr. Ricky tells Jackie to ask Mr. Ricky, "Why are you doing this?"
13. In Jersey City on the opening day, why is Rachel not feeling well?
14. What position do the Dodgers suggest Branch Rickey switch to?



Leo Durocher

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21. What happens at the Ben Chapman trial?
22. Where does The Phillies Manager Ben Chapman get his trial? Why? On the field - so every day.
23. How does Pee Wee Reese react to the crowds and the press? He will wear 42 so they can't take it off.
24. What happens to Jackie Robinson at first base when Branch Rickey is called to the field?



Pee Wee Reese

Branch Rickey became associated with the Dodgers in 1942. He was the first Afro-American to be associated with the team. He was the first Afro-American to be associated with the team. He was the first Afro-American to be associated with the team.



Jackie Robinson



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1. What year did WWII end? 1945
2. What was the name of the Negro league team from Kansas City? Monarchs
3. How many major league baseball teams were there in 1946? 16
4. What happened at the gas station when the bus stopped and Jackie Robinson tried to use the restroom? Jackie was not let into the "white" restroom so he threatened to get their 99 gallons of gas somewhere else.
5. Why was Jackie Robinson court marshaled from the U.S. Army? Asked to sit at the back of the bus.

6. What Religious faith was Jackie Robinson and Branch Rickey? Methodist
7. How much money did the team owner Branch Rickey offer a month and for a bonus? \$400 a month - \$2500 for a bonus
8. After Jackie and Rachel Robinson get married, what does Rachel do in the airport? She goes in the white women's restroom - they miss their flight
9. The Pittsburg Courier Reporter Wendell Smith meets Jackie and Rachel off the bus and takes them to Daytona Florida. What advice does Wendell give Jackie? How to handle the press
10. When Jackie Robinson plays spring training baseball in Sanford Florida, he has to leave the town during the night. Why? They are warned a gang of upset white men might try and hurt Jackie
11. What happens to Jackie Robinson in Deland Florida when he collides with the Catcher at home plate? How does the Security officer react? He insists that Jackie get off the field because whites and blacks don't mix.
12. When Mr. Ricky tells Jackie that he has made the Montreal team, Jackie asks Mr. Ricky, "Why are you doing this?" What is his response? I'm in the baseball business. Money.
13. In Jersey City on the opening day for the Montreal International season, why is Rachel not feeling well? She is pregnant
14. What position do the Dodgers suggest Ricky switch to? First Base



Branch Rickey

Branch Rickey became associated with the Dodgers in 1942. He was the first Afro-American to be associated with the team. He was the first Afro-American to be associated with the team.



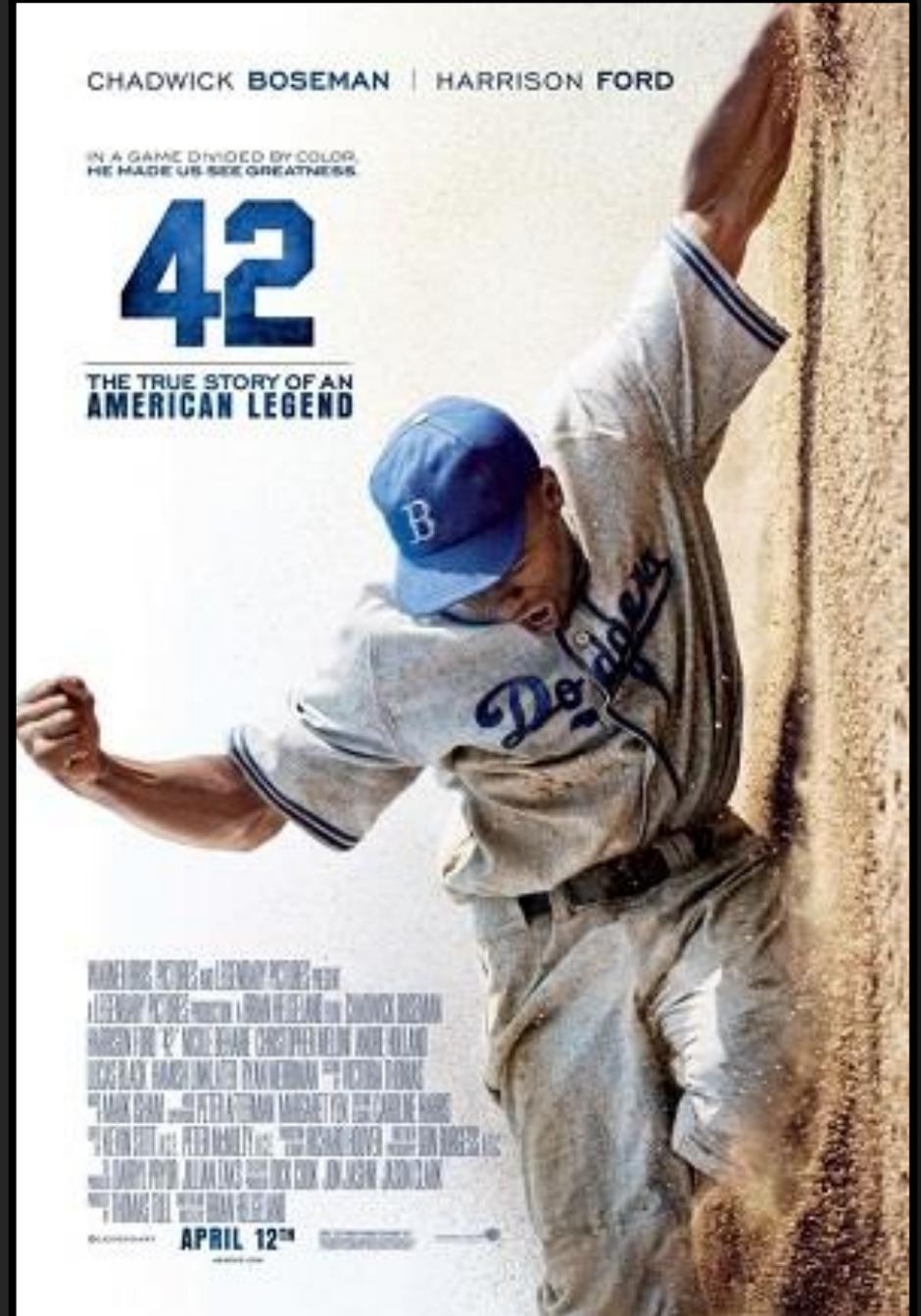
Ebbets Field

CHADWICK BOSEMAN | HARRISON FORD

IN A GAME DIVIDED BY COLOR, HE MADE US SEE GREATNESS.

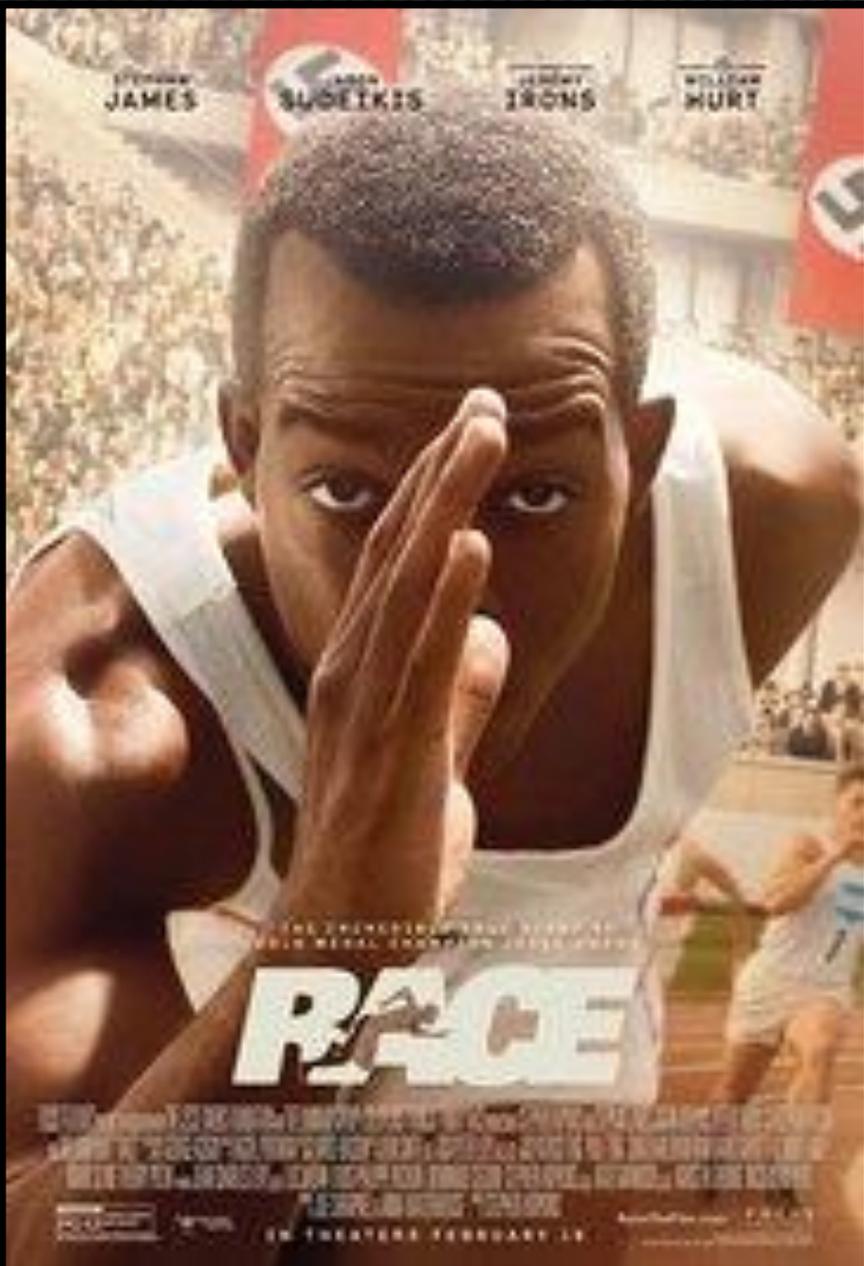
42

THE TRUE STORY OF AN AMERICAN LEGEND



CASTING BY JEFFREY MAYER AND LINDSEY MAYER
 COSTUME DESIGNER JONATHAN HARRIS
 EXECUTIVE PRODUCERS BOB WEINSTEIN AND HARVEY WEINSTEIN
 PRODUCED BY BOB WEINSTEIN AND HARVEY WEINSTEIN
 WRITTEN BY BRUCE COLEMAN AND JEFFREY MAYER
 DIRECTED BY BRIAN HELGELAND
 CASTING BY JEFFREY MAYER AND LINDSEY MAYER
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APRIL 12TH



RACE is a 2016 biographical sports drama film about African American athlete Jesse Owens, who won a record-breaking four gold medals at the 1936 Berlin Olympic Games. Directed by Stephen Hopkins and written by Jon Shugar and Anna Waterhouse, the film stars Stephen James as Owens, and costars Aaron Slepkis, Jeremy Irons, William Hurt and Carice Anon-Houston.



Owens' greatest achievement came in a span of 45 minutes on May 25, 1936, during the Big Ten meet at Ferry Field in Ann Arbor, Michigan, where he set three world records and tied a fourth. He equaled the world record for the 100 yard dash (9.4 seconds) and set world records in the long jump (26 ft 8 in or 8.13 m), a world record that would last 25 years, 200 yard dash (20.9 seconds), and 200 yard (20.9 seconds), and 200 yard (20.9 seconds), becoming the first to break 20 seconds, in 2006, University of Central Florida professor of sports history Richard C. Crepusco chose these wins on one day as the most impressive athletic achievement since 1885.

1. Who was the Track Coach at Ohio State University when Jesse Owens attended the school?
2. What happened in the Ohio State Locker room between the Track Team and the Football team?
3. When Jesse Owens meets his Ohio State Track coach he is asked if he has a work ethic or knows how to work. How does Jesse respond to his coach?

4. Why was the American Olympic Committee considering a boycott of the 1936 Olympics?
5. Who was sent by the American Olympic Committee to Germany to observe the situation in Germany?
6. What type of part time job did Jesse Owens get to send money home to his family?

Larry Reppert was invited by Hitler to film the 1936 Summer Olympics scheduled to be held in Berlin, a film which Reppert believed had been commissioned by the International Olympic Committee.



Jesse Owens at the 1936 Olympics in Berlin.

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Larry Reppert.

Jesse Owens at the 1936 Olympics in Berlin.

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Jesse Owens at the 1936 Olympics in Berlin.

Larry Reppert.

Jesse Owens at the 1936 Olympics in Berlin.

Larry Reppert.

"You think there isn't no black and white, there's only just and unjust. You think you're alone, thinking me and you, but you're not. Alone, you've always been. For there's always been an awful lot of us, and you've always had 'em."

14. What happened at the Helsinki track meet? **Jesse got invited by Eilene Fiske Peacock to help convince Jesse to go to the Olympics?**

15. How does Jesse Owens coach respond to the other side of Germany? **No**

16. How long was Jesse's winning long jump? **Carl Long - the German jumper**

17. What is Jesse Owens' job? **He was a janitor at the German Track Club in Long**

18. Where did Jesse Owens meet at the night club after his track meet on June 25, 1935 at USC in Los Angeles? **Miss Quintero's**

19. How many cameras does Larry Reppert attempt to use during the filming of the Olympic Games? **45**

20. Are the Olympic athletes segregated in Germany? **No**

21. How is Jesse Owens coach exposed to the other side of Germany? **He witnesses some German soldiers looking to some Jews in a truck**

22. What do the runners do with the small hand shovels before the race? **Did nothing because they were just left on the starting blocks**

23. What happens to Jesse on his first two official attempts? **Fail**

24. Who does Owens get some help/believe from before his third jump? **Carl Long - the German jumper**

25. What is Jesse Owens' job? **He was a janitor at the German Track Club in Long**

26. How does Gombath force Avery Brundage to withdraw the two Jews from the relay team? **Gombath threatens to tell the world about Brundage and the American Olympic Committee financially collaborated with Germany to win additional contribution contracts for a new German Embassy in Washington**

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36. How long did it take before the last of Jesse Owens world records was broken? **29 years**

37. What award did Jesse Owens win posthumously in 1997? **Congressional gold medal**

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Coach Larry Reppert.

Jesse Owens at the 1936 Olympics in Berlin.

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1936 OLYMPICS

Adolf Hitler took power in Germany in 1933. Observers in the United States and other western democracies soon began to question the integrity of supporting Olympic Games hosted by the Nazi regime.

Reporting on reports of the persecution of Jewish athletes in 1931, Avery Brundage, president of the American Olympic Committee (AOC), stated: "The very foundation of the modern Olympic revival will be undermined if individual countries are allowed to restrict participation by means of class, creed, or race."

Brundage, like many others in the Olympic movement, initially considered barring the Games from Germany. After a brief and lightly-managed inspection of German sports facilities in 1934, Brundage revised his policy. But Jewish athletes were being treated fairly and that the Games should go on as planned.

THE BOYCOTT DEBATE IN THE UNITED STATES

Debate over participation in the 1936 Olympics was greatest in the United States, which traditionally sent one of the largest teams to the Games. By the end of 1934, the lines on both sides were clearly drawn.

Avery Brundage

Avery Brundage opposed a boycott, arguing that politics had no place in sport. He fought to send a US team to the 1936 Olympics, claiming: "The Olympic Games belong to the athletes and to the spectators."

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Apollo Movie Guide available on TpT

Day 6

25. During day 6 why do we see the lights?

26. The next day when he has signal available

27. When is switch on the electrical job

28. Why did

Day 7

29. When is the dark?

30. How far

31. How far

32. Why?

33. Why?

34. Why?

35. Why?

36. Why?

37. Why?

38. Why?

39. Why?

40. Why?

41. Why?

42. Why?

43. Why?

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47. Why?

48. Why?

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50. Why?

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57. Why?

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61. Why?

62. Why?

63. Why?

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65. Why?

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67. Why?

68. Why?

69. Why?

70. Why?

71. Why?

72. Why?

73. Why?

74. Why?

75. Why?

76. Why?

77. Why?

78. Why?

79. Why?

80. Why?

81. Why?

82. Why?

83. Why?

84. Why?

85. Why?

86. Why?

87. Why?

88. Why?

89. Why?

90. Why?

91. Why?

92. Why?

93. Why?

94. Why?

95. Why?

96. Why?

97. Why?

98. Why?

99. Why?

100. Why?

Apollo 13 is a 1995 American historical docudrama film directed by Ron Howard. The film stars Tom Hanks, Kevin Bacon, Bill Paxton, Gary Sinise, and Ed Harris. The screenplay by William Broyles Jr. and Al Reinert, that dramatizes the aborted 1970 Apollo 13 lunar mission, is an adaptation of the book *Lost Moon: The Perilous Voyage of Apollo 13* by astronaut Jim Lovell and Jeffrey Kluger.

The film depicts astronauts Jim Lovell, Jack Swigert and Fred Haise aboard Apollo 13 for America's third Moon landing mission. En route, an on-board explosion deprives their spacecraft of most of its oxygen supply and electric power, forcing NASA's flight controllers to abort the Moon landing, and turning the mission into a struggle to get the three men home safely.

Mission Control

12. What trouble

Launch Co

13. What happ

LEM =

14. Jim Lovell's

Day 3 - 7

15. On April

16. What h

17. What f

18. When

19. How

20. The

21. The

22. W

March 23, 1970 - Three weeks prior to launch

1. Jim Lovell was part of Apollo 9. How close to the moon was Apollo 8?

2. The original flight crew for Apollo 13 was?

3. What happened to the original crew of Apollo 13 and why were they bumped from the assignment?

April 7, 1970 - 4 Days prior to launch

4. How long will it take Apollo 13 to get to the moon?

5. Jim Lovell's son asks about the fire. He is referring to Apollo 1 - when all crew members perished in a fire on the launch pad in 1967. Who were the crew members killed? Online research.

6. What superstitious items does a reporter bring up during a press conference with the astronauts?

7. What important announcement does Jim Lovell make during this press conference?

8. Jim mentions the temperature difference on the moon between sunlight and shadow. What is this difference?

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Day 1

1. Jim Lovell was part of Apollo 8. How close to the moon was Apollo 8?

2. The original flight crew for Apollo 13 was?

3. What happened to the original crew of Apollo 13 and why were they bumped from the assignment?

March 23, 1970 - Three weeks prior to launch

4. How long will it take Apollo 13 to get to the moon?

5. Jim Lovell's son asks about the fire. He is referring to Apollo 1 - when all crew members perished in a fire on the launch pad in 1967. Who were the crew members killed? Online research.

April 7, 1970 - 4 Days prior to launch

6. What superstitious items does a reporter bring up during a press conference with the astronauts?

7. What important announcement does Jim Lovell make during this press conference?

8. Jim mentions the temperature difference on the moon between sunlight and shadow. What is this difference?

Apollo 13 is a 1995 American historical docudrama film directed by Ron Howard. The film stars Tom Hanks, Kevin Bacon, Bill Paxton, Gary Sinise, and Ed Harris. The screenplay by William Broyles Jr. and Al Reinert, that dramatizes the aborted 1970 Apollo 13 lunar mission, is an adaptation of the book *Lost Moon: The Perilous Voyage of Apollo 13* by astronaut Jim Lovell and Jeffrey Kluger.

The film depicts astronauts Jim Lovell, Jack Swigert, and Fred Haise aboard Apollo 13 for America's third Moon landing mission. En route, an on-board explosion deprives their spacecraft of most of its oxygen supply and electric power, forcing NASA's flight controllers to abort the Moon landing, and turning the mission into a struggle to get the three men home safely.

Day 5

23. How fast are they going and how far from the moon are the astronauts when they emerge from the dark side of the moon?

24. How many hours does NASA think the astronauts have before they run out of power?

25. Why does NASA not allow the astronauts any more waste dumps?

26. A problem with Carter's attitude film develops - what is the solution?

27. Jim Lovell's family goes to visit Jim's mother Blanch. When Blanch is told an accident has happened, how does she measure Jim Lovell's speed?

28. What medical malady occurs? The crew takes off the medical monitoring equipment.

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Day 6

29. During day 6 the crew must correct their trajectory without the computer. If the crew is too steep they will burn up. If the crew is too shallow they will bounce off the atmosphere. How long do they have for the engine? Is it successful?

30. The somewhat old air old bracelet with Jim Lovell is how Lovell discusses a contact bracelet when he had to land his plane on an aircraft carrier with no lights, a jammed radar, no usable landing signal available, low fuel and shrouded out instruments. How did Jim Lovell find the carrier? The progress signal being turned on by the carrier's lead jet.

31. When Jack Swigert is going through the procedure with Ken Mattingly and about to start flipping switches, he asks Jack about all the considerations. Ken is concerned with the possibility of an electrical short. How does Jack describe this procedure? In describing it, he tries to show a master through a car wash.

32. Why does the crew continue to be shallow? What is the solution? They are out of oxygen because they do not have a couple hundred pounds of reserve rads on board. They must transfer fuel to make up for this difference.

Day 7

33. Where is Jim Lovell's son during the time of Apollo 13 voyage? At St. John Military Academy in Wisconsin.

34. What danger exists at the edge of the recovery zone for Apollo 13? Hurricane.

35. How hot does the heat shield get upon re-entry? 3000-4000 degrees Fahrenheit.

36. If heat shield is damaged it may have caused damage to the parachutes. If the parachutes do not open how fast will the lunar re-entry vehicle hit the ocean? Just a gentle 20 mph but 300 mph.

LEM jettison - Aquarius

37. What was the name of the South Pacific U.S. Naval Ship sent to recover the crew? USS Intrepid.

38. When a NASA administrator makes the statement that "this could be the worst disaster NASA has ever experienced", how does Gene Kranz respond? With all due respect sir, I do believe this will be our final hour.

39. Why was the mission called a successful failure? Safe return but not a successful lunar landing.

40. In the following months what was determined to be the cause of the explosion? A damaged coil built inside the oxygen tank cracked during an oxygen fill.

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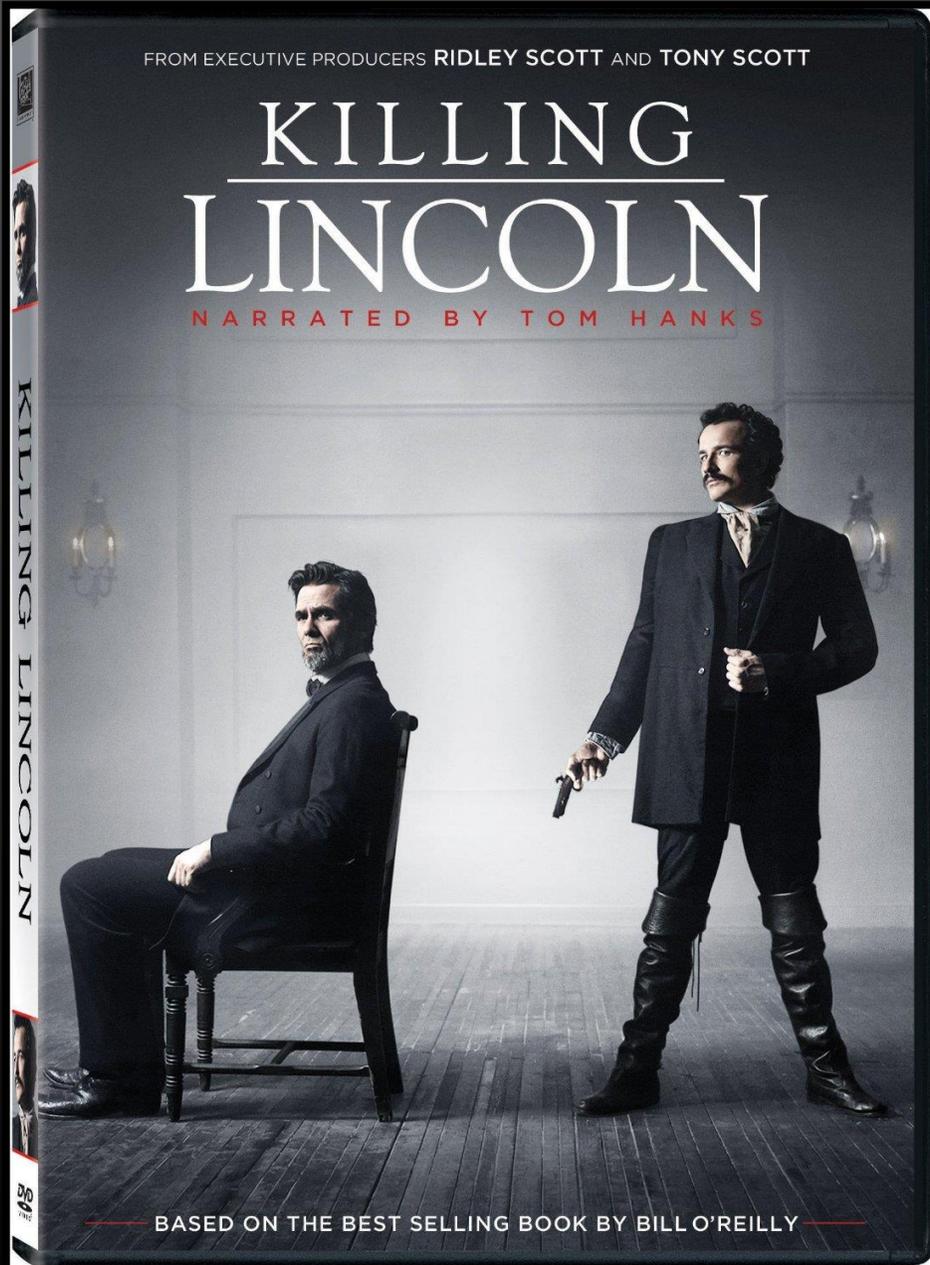
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Killing Lincoln is an American television film inspired by the 2003 novel of the same name by Bill O'Reilly. The two-hour political docudrama was originally broadcast on National Geographic Channel on February 17, 2013. Narrated and hosted by American actor Tom Hanks, the film stars Billy Campbell as United States President Abraham Lincoln and Jesse Johnson as John Wilkes Booth.

- When was Lincoln shot?
- From 1861 – 1862 how many kidnapping or assassination schemes are hatched against Lincoln?
- What happened in August of 1864 – 8 months earlier?
- Who was Lincoln's killer?
- Booth was the third son of an acting dynasty. He was born and reared in Maryland and becoming a successful actor. What was significant about the state of Maryland during the Civil War?
- In October of 1864 who does John Wilkes Booth make contact with?
- Booth writes a "To Whom It Concerns" letter expressing his intentions towards Lincoln. Who does Booth give the letter to for safe keeping?
- On Feb. 15, 1862 Lincoln visits the Photographer Alexander Gardner. What is significant about the photograph?
- When is Lincoln's second inaugural address given?
- What happened on March 12th?
- What other assassination plot is occurring at this time?
- What dream does Lincoln have on April 2nd? Where is he?
- April 2nd 1862 Confederate forces set fire to their own capital before evacuating ahead of advancing Union troops. What City is the capital of the Confederacy?
- Who is the Confederate President? How does he escape?
- When walking the streets of Richmond Lincoln is approached by an elderly black man who kneels before Lincoln and says to him, "may the good lord bless and keep you safe master"

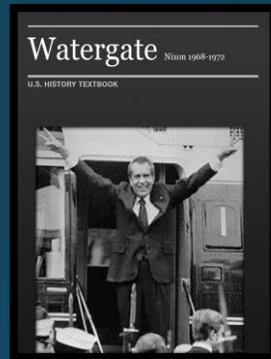
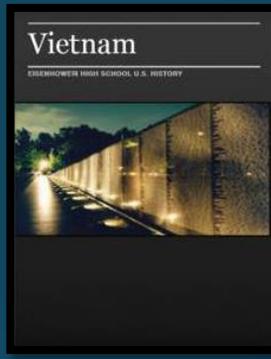
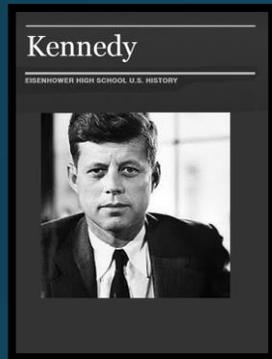
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- When was Lincoln shot? **April 14, 1865**
- From 1861 – 1862 how many kidnapping or assassination schemes are hatched against Lincoln? **8**
- What happened in August of 1864 – 8 months earlier? **A riot narrowly misses the President - followed through by his hit**
- Who was Lincoln's killer? **John Wilkes Booth**
- Booth was the third son of an acting dynasty. He was born and reared in Maryland and becoming a successful actor. What was significant about the state of Maryland during the Civil War? **It was a border state and a slave state.**
- In October of 1864 who does John Wilkes Booth make contact with? **The Confederates secret**
- Booth writes a "To Whom It Concerns" letter expressing his intentions towards Lincoln. Who does Booth give the letter to for safe keeping? **His brother**
- On Feb. 15, 1862 Lincoln visits the Photographer Alexander Gardner. What is significant about the photograph? **Photograph taken of Lincoln before he is hit**
- When is Lincoln's second inaugural address given? **March 4, 1862**
- What happened on March 12th? **Confederates set fire to their own capital**
- What other assassination plot is occurring at this time? **Lincoln**
- What dream does Lincoln have on April 2nd? Where is he? **On the grounds of Fort Sumter, where he is to be shot on capital of the Confederacy**
- Who is the Confederate President? How does he escape? **Richmond, Virginia**
- When walking the streets of Richmond Lincoln is approached by an elderly black man who kneels before Lincoln and says to him, "may the good lord bless and keep you safe master"

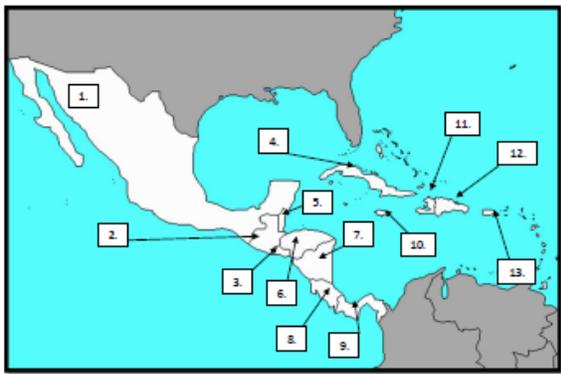


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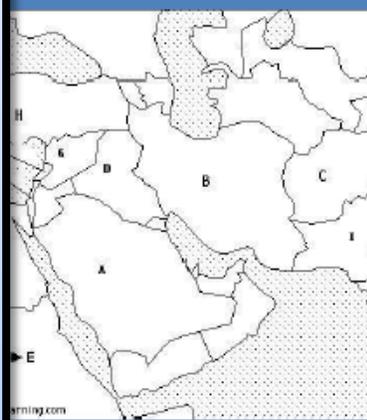
Central America Test



1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____

East Map Test

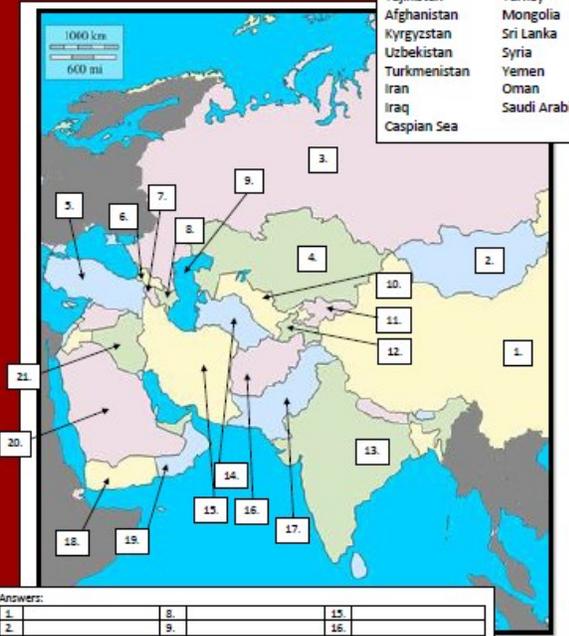
Name _____
Date _____
Hour _____



A. _____
B. _____
C. _____
D. _____
E. _____
F. _____
G. _____
H. _____
I. _____
J. _____
K. _____
L. _____

Word Bank

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| India | Kazakhstan |
| Pakistan | Russia |
| Afghanistan | China |
| Tajikistan | Turkey |
| Afghanistan | Mongolia |
| Kyrgyzstan | Sri Lanka |
| Uzbekistan | Syria |
| Turkmenistan | Yemen |
| Iran | Oman |
| Iraq | Saudi Arabia |
| Caspian Sea | |

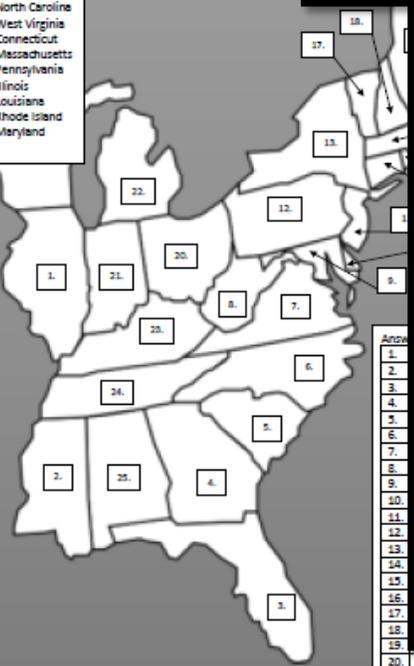


Answers:

1.	8.	15.
2.	9.	16.
3.	10.	17.
4.	11.	18.
5.	12.	19.
6.	13.	20.
7.	14.	21.

U.S. Map Test - East

- Word Bank
- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| Maine | Alabama |
| Michigan | Georgia |
| Virginia | South Carolina |
| Florida | North Carolina |
| Indiana | West Virginia |
| New Hampshire | Connecticut |
| Vermont | Massachusetts |
| New Jersey | Pennsylvania |
| Delaware | Illinois |
| New York | Louisiana |
| Ohio | Rhode Island |
| Tennessee | Maryland |
| Kentucky | |



- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.
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- 10.
- 11.
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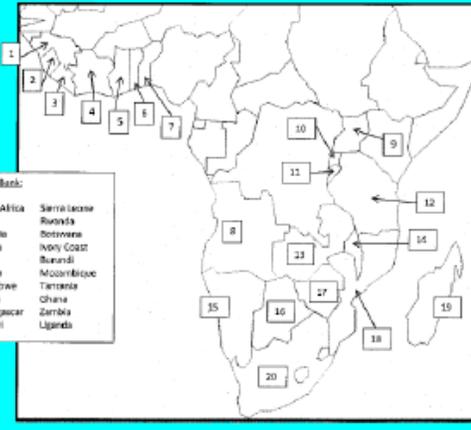


- North Africa:
- | | |
|------------------------------|----------|
| Algeria | Niger |
| Tunisia | Cameroon |
| Egypt | Libya |
| Western Sahara | Ethiopia |
| Democratic Republic of Congo | |

Map Test - Africa (Southern)

Answers:

1.	8.	15.
2.	9.	16.
3.	10.	17.
4.	11.	18.
5.	12.	19.
6.	13.	20.
7.	14.	21.



- Word Bank:
- | | |
|--------------|------------|
| Sierra Leone | Rwanda |
| Benin | Botswana |
| Namibia | Malawi |
| Angola | Madagascar |
| Senegal | Zambia |
| Gambia | Uganda |
| Zimbabwe | |
| Liberia | |
| Madagascar | |
| Malawi | |

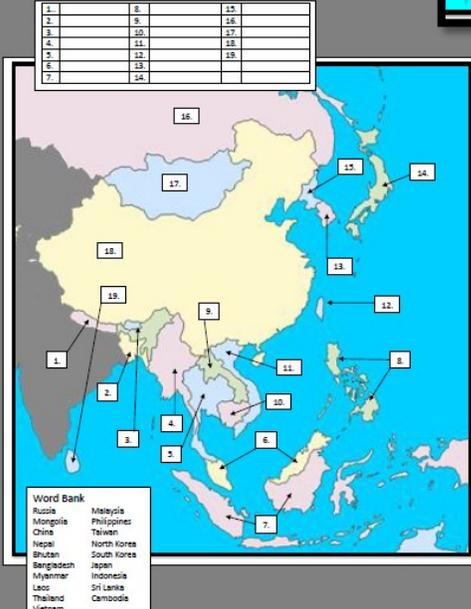
U.S. Western States Map Test



- Word Bank
- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| Mississippi | Utah |
| Hawaii | Oklahoma |
| Alaska | Nebraska |
| California | Kansas |
| Arkansas | North Dakota |
| Missouri | Montana |
| Nevada | Wyoming |
| Wisconsin | Colorado |
| Oregon | New Mexico |
| Minnesota | Iowa |
| Illinois | Texas |
| Indiana | Idaho |
| Michigan | Washington |

Answers:

1.	14.
2.	15.
3.	16.
4.	17.
5.	18.
6.	19.
7.	20.
8.	21.
9.	22.
10.	23.
11.	24.
12.	25.
13.	



- Word Bank
- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| Russia | Malaysia |
| Mongolia | Philippines |
| Taiwan | China |
| Nepal | North Korea |
| Bhutan | South Korea |
| Bangladesh | Japan |
| Myanmar | Indonesia |
| Laos | Sri Lanka |
| Thailand | Camodia |
| Vietnam | |

Western Europe Test

1.	10.
2.	11.
3.	12.
4.	13.
5.	14.
6.	15.
7.	16.
8.	17.
9.	

Word Bank

- | | |
|----------------|-------------|
| Finland | Portugal |
| Sweden | Italy |
| Norway | Switzerland |
| Denmark | Iceland |
| Ireland | Russia |
| Netherlands | Spain |
| Belgium | Germany |
| Luxembourg | France |
| United Kingdom | |

